## Tjandra 19th birthday present (HARD)

The 07 February 2013 was Tjandra's 19th birthday, I want to make a present to him and all other great SPOJ solvers by the way. So I set this HARD puzzle problem extension of the yet good TJANDRAS.

Warning : To solve the 'easy' task, you need a $\mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{N}^{\wedge} 0.5\right)$ algorithm, but to solve this 'harder' task, you need something around $\mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{N}^{\wedge} 0.34\right)$, so it's not about optimization tricks!!!
Time limit $=6.666 \times$ my Python 3 timing.
Please note that I checked my data with my 'semi-brute-force'- $\mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{N}^{\wedge} 0.5\right)$-Python3-solution and it took me 16 hours.

Don't forget to have fun with that problem!

## The Game

This game/puzzle is about matches, given N matches, your task is to arrange the matches (not necessarily all) such that the number of rectangles (any size) is maximum.

## Input

The input begins with the number T of test cases in a single line.
In each of the next T lines there are one integer N .

## Output

For each test case, on a single line, print the required answer (maximum number of rectangles).

## Example

## Input:

6
3

4
8
12
15
987654321123456789

## Output:

0
1
3
9
12
60966316127114768913148159571503206

## Constraints

$1<\mathrm{T} \leq 100$
$1<N \leq 10^{\wedge} 18$

The T numbers N are uniform-randomly chosen in the range.

## Explanations

First test case:
No rectangle can be formed with only 3 matches.
Second test case:
Only one rectangle can be formed with 4 matches.

Third test case:
There are max 3 rectangles.
( 2 size $1 \times 1,1$ size $2 \times 1$ ) can be formed with number of matches $\leq 8$, here is one of the matches formation:


Fourth test case:
There are max 9 rectangles.
( 4 size $1 \times 1$, 2 size $2 \times 1$, 2 size $1 \times 2$, 1 size $2 \times 2$ ) can be formed with number of matches $\leq 12$, here is one of the formation:


Fifth test case:
there are max 12 rectangles.
( 5 size $1 \times 1$, 3 size $2 \times 1$, 1 size $3 \times 1$, 2 size $1 \times 2$, 1 size $2 \times 2$ ) can be formed with number of matches $\leq 15$, here is one of the formation:


Sixth test case:
You have to figure by yourself how to compute that in the required time.

