## Sum the Decimal-part I

You are given a number.You need to output the sum of the first 10 decimal places of the squareroot of the number(Ignore the Integral part).

For example-if the given number is 2 . The square-root of 2 is $1.4142135623 . . .$.
So,ignore the number before decimal (1 in this case) and add the first ten digits after decimal and output them as result

The answer should be $(4+1+4+2+1+3+5+6+2+3) 31$.
NOTE-If the number is a perfect square,the output should be 0 .

## Input

the first line of input consist of $t$ (the number of test cases).
$t$ lines follow-Each line consist of a non-negative integer $n$.

## Output

Output in seperate lines the result corresponding to integer n.

## Constraints

$1 \mathrm{n}<=100000$

## Example

Input:
2
4
2
Output:
0
31
For a higher difficulty level of this problem,try out-SUMDEC2

