## play with prime numbers (I)

A prime number is a natural number greater than 1 that has no positive divisors other than 1 and itself.
we define here a new prime number called prime of primes number (POP) is a prime number that consist of other prime numbers less than this number.

## example :

1013 consist of 101 and 3 and both are primes .
notes :

2003 is not POP because leading zero not allowed.
the POP number must contain more than or equal two primes, and overlapping not allowed .

## Input

The first line contains an integer $T$ specifying the number of test cases. ( $T<=10^{\wedge} 4$ ) followed by

T lines, each line contains an integer $m$ number $0<=m<=10^{\wedge} 9$.

## Output

For each test case print single line contain the first integer greater than or equal to $m$ and is (POP).

## Example

## Input:

3
10
100
1000

Output:

23
113

1013
after solving this you can try http://www.spoj.com/problems/POP2/

