## Counting The Way of Bracket Replacement

## English

Vietnamese
A regular bracket sequence is a string of characters consisting only of opening and closing brackets, and satisfying the following conditions:

- An empty string is a regular bracket sequence.
- If $A$ is a regular bracketOsequence, then $(A),[A]$ and $\{A\}$ are also regular bracket sequences.
- If $A$ and $B$ are regular bracket sequences, then $A B$ is also a regular bracket sequence.

For example, the sequences $[(\})]$, []()$\} \mathrm{i}[\}]()[\}]$ are regular, but the sequences $[(\{\{([,[](\{ )\}$ and $[\}])$ ([\{\}] are not.

Ivica has found a string which looks like it could be a regular bracket sequence. Some of the characters have become smudged and illegible, and could have been any character.

Write a program that calculates how many ways the illegible characters in the string can be replaced by brackets so that the result is a regular bracket sequence. This number can be very large, so output only its last 5 digits.

## Input

The first line contains an even integer $\mathrm{N}(2<=\mathrm{N}<=200)$, the length of the string.
The second line contains the string. Illegible characters are represented by the '?' character.

## Output

Output the number of regular bracket sequences the string could have read.

## Sample

input
6
()()()
output

1
input
10
(?([?)]?\}?
output
input
16
???[???????]????
output

92202
In the second example, the three matching regular bracket sequences are $(\{[(0)]\}),()([())\}\})$ and $([([])]\})$.

