## Yet Another Mathematical Problem

Calculate the number of ordered triples of positive integers $(a, b, c)$ such that their multiple $a b c$ is not larger than a given integer $\mathbf{N}\left(1<=\mathbf{N}<=10^{11}\right)$.

## Input

Each test case contains a single line - $\mathbf{N}$. Input terminates by EOF.

## Output

For each test case output its case number (starting from 1) and the answer in a single line.

## Example

Input:
1
3
6
10
15
21
28

## Output:

Case 1: 1
Case 2: 7
Case 3: 25
Case 4: 53
Case 5: 95
Case 6: 161
Case 7: 246

