# Yet Another Mathematical Problem

Calculate the number of ordered triples of positive integers (*a*, *b*, *c*) such that their multiple *abc* is not larger than a given integer **N** ( $1 \le N \le 10^{11}$ ).

### Input

Each test case contains a single line - N. Input terminates by EOF.

### Output

For each test case output its case number (starting from 1) and the answer in a single line.

## Example

Input:

#### Output:

Case 1: 1 Case 2: 7 Case 3: 25 Case 4: 53 Case 5: 95 Case 6: 161 Case 7: 246