## Longest Square Factor

Given a string $x$, the string obtained by concatenating $x$ to itself is sometimes called the square of X.

Given a string s, output the longest string $x$ such that its square is a substring of $s$. If you find more than one solution, output the lexicographically smallest.

## Input

The first and only line of input contains a string s (consisting only of lowercase letters of the english alphabet). The length of $s$ is less than or equal to $10^{5}$.

## Output

To the first line of output print the length of the string $x$.
To the second line print the string $x$.
Such a string will always exist in the test data.

## Example

Input:
abcabc

## Output:

3
abc

