## Subsequences with modulo

You are given sequence $A_{1}, A_{2}, \ldots A_{n}$ and integer $k$. For each integer $i(0 \leq i<k)$ find such nonempty subsequence of $A$ so that sum of numbers in this subsequence is maximal possible and remainder of integer division of this sum by $k$ is equal to $i$.

## Input

In first line numbers $n$ and $k\left(1 \leq n \leq 10^{6}, 1 \leq k \leq 200\right)$.
In second line: $n$ numbers representing sequence $A\left(1 \leq A_{i} \leq 10^{9}\right)$.

## Output

Print $k$ numbers in one line. $i$ th number represent sum of numbers in subsequence for number $i$ 1. If there is no such subsequence print -1 .

## Example

## Input:

65
2810441532
Output:
6511177103109

