## Subsequences with modulo

You are given sequence  $A_1, A_2, ..., A_n$  and integer k. For each integer i ( $0 \le i < k$ ) find such **nonempty** subsequence of A so that sum of numbers in this subsequence is maximal possible and remainder of integer division of this sum by k is equal to *i*.

## Input

In first line numbers *n* and *k* ( $1 \le n \le 10^6$ ,  $1 \le k \le 200$ ).

In second line: *n* numbers representing sequence  $A (1 \le A_i \le 10^9)$ .

## Output

Print *k* numbers in one line. *i*th number represent sum of numbers in subsequence for number *i* - 1. If there is no such subsequence print -1.

## Example

Input: 6 5 2 8 10 44 15 32 Output: 65 111 77 103 109