## Arrangement Validity

n persons are standing in a line. Height of each person is between 1 and n and height of each person is distinct.

You a given array A where $A[i]$ denotes how many persons are before i_th person having heights greater than $\mathrm{H}[\mathrm{i}]$. eg. For person 2, person 1 is considered before him. If $A$ is given to be [0, 1] then one valid arrangements of height could be [2, 1] as number of persons having height > 1 before 2 are 1 because $\mathrm{H}[1]>\mathrm{H}[2]$

You have to find out whether this array can be valid for some arrangement of persons. If you can uniquely do so, then find out the array H. Otherwise output -1.

## Input

First line contains T : number of test cases. ( $1<=\mathrm{T}<=20$ ).
For each test First line contains an integer $\mathrm{n} .\left(1<=\mathrm{n}<=10^{\wedge} 5\right.$ )
Next line contains $n$ space seperated integers denoting $A[i] .(0<=A[i]<=n)$

## Output

For each test case output single line
If there is a unique way of H . Then print n space seprated integers in the line.
Otherwise output-1.
In starting of each test case also put "Test : testNumber" (without quotes). Note that there is a space before colon and one space after colon.

## Example

## Input:

2
3
011
3
010
Output:
Test : 1
312
Test : 2
213

