## HNumbers

## H-Numbers

Note: Some tricky testcases were added on Feb. 26th, 2013 and time limit has been changed. All the solutions have been rejudge and some "Accepted" ones got Wron Answer/Time Limit Exceeded. However, this problem can still be solved by a simple and beautiful solution:)

Ualter is a smart guy, and he loves mathematics and everything related with numbers. Recently his friend Matheus Pheverso showed him a group of H-numbers. Also, his friend told him that, in the Ancient Greek, there h-numbers would be used to create music. This group of numbers can be described in this way:

- For each integer $N$, a positive integer $A$ is H -Number with N only if:
$-\operatorname{LCM}(N, A)=N^{*} A$
- LCM is the Lowest Common Multiple between two numbers.
- Ex1: $\mathrm{N}=20$, H-Numbers $=\{1,3,7,9,11,13,17,19\}$
- Ex2: $\mathrm{N}=10$, H-Numbers $=\{1,3,7,9\}$

Ualter loves classical music mainly Pachelbel's compositions. In order to achieve his old dream, he's willing to make a version of Canon in D using only h-numbers to create notes. To solve that problem, he needs, for each number N, the number of $h$-numbers of $N$ that are between 1 and $M$, inclusive.

## Task

You're given an integer $Q$ - the number of queries - , and two numbers $N, M$ in each query, your task is to find the number of $h$-numbers of $N$ between 1 and an integer $M$.

## Input

In the first line there's an integer $Q\left(1<=Q<=10^{\wedge} 5\right)$ representing the number of queries. In the next $Q$ lines there're two numbers $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{M}\left(1<=\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{M}<=10^{\wedge} 5, \mathrm{M}<\mathrm{N}\right)$.

## Output

You have to print for each query an integer xi representing the number of H -numbers of N less or equal to M .

## Examples

## Input:

3

2015
73
108

Output:

