## Sums Decompositions

For any number N , it is possible to decompose N as the sum of one or more positive numbers.
The order of the numbers doesn't matter.
You have to compute the number M of decompositions for each number N .

## Input

The first line of input contains an interger $T$, the number of testcases ( $\mathrm{T}<20$ ). T testcases follow.
Each testcase consists of a single integer $\mathrm{N}(1<=\mathrm{N}<=120)$

## Output

For each testcase you have to output a single line containing the answer for the task.

## Example

Input:
2
2
5

Output:
2
7

Decompositions for the second testcase:
$5,4+1,3+2,3+1+1,2+2+1,2+1+1+1,1+1+1+1+1$

