

# Convex Polygons

[English](#)

[Vietnamese](#)

You are given  $n$  points in the 2-D cartesian coordinate system. You are to determine the number of convex polygons with 3 or more vertices which can be formed by choosing a subset of the given points. To make matters simple, the input obeys the following conditions:

- (1) No 3 points in the input are collinear.
- (2) No 2 points will have the same coordinates.

Since the result can be quite large, you are required to output ( `result % 1234567` ) instead.

## Input

First line contains an integer  $T$ , the number of test cases. In each test case, first line contains  $n$ , the number of points in the corresponding test case, next  $n$  lines contain 2 space separated integers denoting the coordinate of  $i$ th point. Absolute value of the coordinates do not exceed 10000.

## Output

$T$  lines each corresponding to the answer of corresponding test case.

## Example

**Input:**

```
2
4
0 0
2 0
2 2
0 2
6
0 0
2 0
2 2
0 2
1 -1
1 3
```

**Output:**

```
5
42
```

## Constraints

Input Set 1 : `numberOfTestCases`  $\leq$  100,  $3 \leq n \leq 10$  `timeLimit`: 5 seconds  
Input Set 2 : `numberOfTestCases`  $\leq$  50,  $3 \leq n \leq 100$  `timeLimit`: 5 seconds